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10	Attorneys for Defendant		
11	IN THE SUPERIOR COURT (	OF THE STATE OF ARIZONA	
12	IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF YAVAPAI		
13			
14	STATE OF ARIZONA	) No. CR 2008-1339	
	Plaintiff,	Division 6	
15	vs.	REPLY TO STATE'S RESPONSE	
16		TO DEFENDANT'S MOTION TO	
17	STEVEN CARROLL DEMOCKER,	) DISMISS THE DEATH PENALTY ) NOTICE FOR LACK OF	
	Defendant.	) PROBABLE CAUSE OR, IN THE	
18		) ALTERNATIVE, FOR A ) PROBABLE CAUSE HEARING	
19		ON THE STATE'S NOTICED	
20		) AGGRAVATING CIRCUMSTANCES AND	
		) CIRCUMSTANCES, AND ) REQUEST FOR SANCTIONS	
21		<u> </u>	
22	Pursuant to Rules 1.3(a) and 35.1(a)	of the Arizona Rules of Criminal Procedure,	
23	due process and the Arizona and IIS Cons	titutions Defendant Steven DeMocker	
24	due process, and the Arizona and U.S. Constitutions, Defendant Steven DeMocker		
25	requests that this Court strike the State's untimely response to his Motion to Dismiss the		
	Death Penalty Notice for lack of probable cause, and as a result, grant the relief		
26	requested therein, and to thereafter enter an	Order precluding the use by the State of any	

undisclosed or late-disclosed evidence or material in any pleading or proceeding in this case. This Reply is supported by the following Memorandum and Points of Authorities.

## **BACKGROUND**

On August 25, 2009, the Defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss the Death Penalty Notice For Lack of Probable Cause, Or In The Alternative, For a Probable Cause Hearing (the "Motion to Dismiss"). A hearing on that motion was set in open court on that date for September 22, 2009. Service of that motion on the State was by first-class mail addressed to the Yavapai County Attorney. Pursuant to Rule 1.3(a), Rules of Criminal Procedure, the State's response was due on or before September 9, 2009. No response was filed by that date, nor did the State contact defense counsel to request an extension, nor was a motion to enlarge time to respond filed before the September 9 deadline. Instead, on September 16, 2009, a full week after the response was due, the State filed a pleading asking for leave to file a "delayed response" without specifying how much delay they sought, citing a need for more evidence.

## **ARGUMENT**

It is clear that when no response to a motion is filed, the motion is deemed submitted on the record before the Court. Rule 1.3(a), Rules of Criminal Procedure. Here, the State has offered no reasonable explanation for their failure to file anything at all by the September 9 deadline, including even a motion to enlarge time for their response, nor can they claim to have contacted defense counsel at any time prior to their September 16 filing. When they eventually did respond, a week late, the State then asked the Court for leave to file a "delayed response" to some unspecified future date, because they were still waiting for information from their forensic accountant, which in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In fact, counsel undersigned sent an e-mail to the County Attorney early on September 16 inquiring as to whether there was a problem regarding their failure to file, which was never answered.

turn was somehow delayed because of the alleged failure of Defendant's former employer UBS to respond to a records subpoena issued in April of this year.

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From the State's own response, the Court can see that UBS was served the subject subpoena on April 16, 2009, and responded fully on May 18, 2009. Now, four (4) months later, the State for the first time claims in court that (a) the UBS information is somehow critical to their ability to respond to the Motion to Dismiss, and (b) that UBS is not being cooperative in providing documents. Of course, the State is and was subject to the June 22, 2009 discovery cut-off imposed by this Court, and their failure to promptly address a problem they must have known existed on May 18 until three (3) months after the discovery cutoff is both inexcusable and inexplicable under the circumstances. In short, the State ignored a deadline to respond to the first substantive motion challenging the applicability of the death penalty in this case, then attempted after the fact to construct an excuse for their failure that asks this Court to believe that documents about which they did nothing for four months have suddenly become so important to their defense on this motion that the entire process should be delayed indefinitely while they litigate with UBS. Meanwhile, Defendant sits in jail, while the State essentially concedes that without more evidence they cannot show probable cause on the death penalty aggravators.<sup>2</sup>

Defendant has become increasingly concerned that situations such as this will become commonplace, given that the State has seemed thus far to routinely ignore the June 22 discovery cutoff and other deadlines imposed by rule, as they have in this particular proceeding. For example, the State has not yet disclosed a single word from its forensic accountant, its crime scene and blood spatter expert or its forensic photography expert, despite the passing of the discovery cutoff three months ago. In

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The ethical implications of filing a death penalty notice without first having evidence of probable cause are, to put it mildly, staggering.

order to keep this case on track for trial next May, this Court must make it clear that the State will not be allowed to use, either in pleadings or otherwise, late-disclosed or undisclosed evidence or other material. Such an order would, in Defendant's view, put a stop to the State's practice of ignoring deadlines and insure that this case will proceed in a fair, speedy and orderly way to a just result.

## **CONCLUSION**

The State failed, without good cause or prior leave of this Court, to timely respond to the Defendant's critically important Motion to Dismiss the Death Penalty Notice in this case. Accordingly, pursuant to Rule 35.1(a), the motion is deemed submitted on the record before the Court, and should therefore be granted. Further, in order to prevent this situation from re-occurring, this Court should enter an Order confirming the June 22, 2009 discovery cut-off for the State and precluding the use by the State in any pleading or proceeding of any undisclosed or late-disclosed evidence or material.

DATED this 21st day of September, 2009.

By:

John M. Sears

107 North Cortez Street, Suite 104 Prescott, Arizona 86301

OSBORN MALEDON, P.A. Larry A. Hammond Anne M. Chapman 2929 N. Central Avenue, Suite 2100 Phoenix, Arizona 85012-2793

Attorneys for Defendant

1		
2	ORIGINAL of the foregoing filed this 21 <sup>st</sup> day of September, 2009, with:	
3		
4	Jeanne Hicks,   Clerk of the Superior Court   Yavapai County Superior Court	
5	120 S. Cortez Prescott, AZ 86303	
6	Trescou, AZ 60303	
7	COPIES of the foregoing hand delivered this 21 <sup>st</sup> day of September, 2009, to:	
8	The Hon. Thomas B. Lindberg	
9	Judge of the Superior Court Division Six	
10	120 S. Cortez Prescott, AZ 86303	
11	and	
12		
13	Joseph C. Butner III, Esq. Office of the Yavapai County Attorney 3505 W. Highway 260	
14	Camp Verde, AZ 86322	
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